

RFP-Booster for Immunofluorescence Detection of RFP-Fusion Proteins

For the immunofluorescence detection of RFP-fusion proteins in fixed cells.

1. Product The RFP-Booster Alexa Fluor® 647 is an anti-RFP Nanobody coupled to Alexa Fluor® 647.

2. Introduction

Red fluorescent proteins (RFP) and its variants are widely used to study protein localization and dynamics in cells. However, photo-stability and quantum efficiency of RFP are often not sufficient for e.g. super-resolution microscopy (such as 3D-SIM or dSTORM) and for fixed cell samples. In addition, many cell biological methods such as BrdU-staining, EdU-Click-iT™ treatment or fluorescent *in situ* hybridization result in disruption of the RFP signal. The RFP-Booster reactivates, enhances, and stabilizes the RFP-signal.

Note: This product is an improved version of product rba647n.

3. Properties

Product size rb2AF647-10: 10 μL

rb2AF647-50: 50 μL

Format Alpaca single domain antibody, Nanobody or V_HH; monovalent

Target/ Specificity RFP and RFP variants. See www.chromotek.com for a list of recognized RFP variants.

Conjugate Site-directed conjugation to Alexa Fluor 647

Excitation/ Emission Excitation max: 650 nm, Emission max: 665 nm

DOL 2 fluorophores per Nanobody

Purity Recombinantly expressed and purified

Form Buffered aqueous solution

Storage buffer 10 mM HEPES pH 7.0, 500 mM NaCl, 5 mM EDTA,

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide, Safety datasheet (SDS): Sodium azide SDS

Concentration 0.5 g/L

Stability and storage

Shipped at ambient temperature. Store at -20°C/-4°F. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Aliquot upon arrival. Protect from light. Stable for 6 months.

4. Protocol

1. **Fixation**: Fix cells seeded on coverslips in 3.7% formaldehyde in PBS for 10 min at room temperature.

Note: Always prepare a fresh formaldehyde dilution.

Note: Alternatively, use methanol for fixation: Apply ice-cold 100% methanol to cells for 3 min, wash as in step 2 and proceed directly with step 5 of this protocol.

- 2. Wash samples three times with PBS (Phosphate Buffered Saline). Do not store fixed cells.
- 3. **Permeabilization:** Add PBS containing 0.5% Triton X-100 to samples and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
- 4. Wash samples twice with PBS.
- 5. **Blocking**: Add 4% BSA in PBS to samples and incubate for 10 min at room temperature.
- 6. **RFP-Booster incubation**: Dilute RFP-Booster 1:500 1:1,000 in blocking buffer and incubate for 1 h at room temperature. Optimal dilution is application-dependent and should be determined.

Note: For multiplexing protocols, you can combine RFP-Booster with any other antibody.

- 7. Wash samples three times for 5-10 min in PBS.
- 8. If required, counter stain with DNA fluorescent dyes, e.g. DAPI in PBS.

9. **Mounting:** Rinse sample shortly in water to prevent formation of salt crystals. Mount in VectaShield (Vector Labs) or other mounting media with anti-fading agents and seal mounted coverslips with clear nail polish.

Suggested buffer composition

Buffer	Composition
Blocking buffer	4% BSA (w/v) in PBS
Fixation buffer	3.7% formaldehyde in PBS
Permeabilization buffer	PBS; 0.5% Triton X-100
Wash buffer	PBS

5. Support/ Troubleshooting

Please refer to our FAQ section at www.chromotek.com for or contact support@chromotek.com

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