



IHCeasy MARCKSL1 Ready-To-Use IHC Kit

Catalog Number: KHC0948

General Information

Sample type: FFPE tissue Cited sample type: Reactivity: Human Cited Reactivity: Assay type: Immunohistochemistry Primary antibody type: Rabbit Polyclonal

Secondary antibody type: Polymer-HRP-Goat anti-Rabbit

Kit Component

Component	Size	Concentration
Antigen Retrieval Buffer	100 mL	50×
Washing Buffer	100 mL ×2	20×
Blocking Buffer	5 mL	RTU
Primary Antibody	5 mL	RTU
Secondary Antibody	5 mL	RTU
Chromogen Component A	0.2 mL	RTU
Chromogen Component B	4 mL	RTU
Signal Enhancer	5 mL	RTU
Counter Staining Reagent	5 mL	RTU
Mounting Media	5 mL	RTU
Control Slide	1 slide (Optional)	FFPE
Datasheet	1 Copy	
Manual	1 Copy	

Storage Instructions

All the reagents are stored at 2-8°C. The kit is stable for 6 months from the date of receipt.

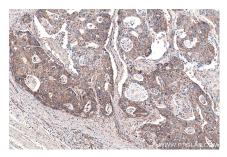
Background

MARCKS-like protein 1 (MARCKSL1) is widely expressed in nervous tissue, it is also named MARCKS-like protein (MLP) or MARCKS-related protein (MRP) and belongs to the MARCKS family, which is a highly acidic myristoylated family of PKC substrates widely distributed in diverse cell types including macrophages. Genetic disruption of MARCKSL1 results in neural tube closure defects, events that depend on coordinated control of actin functions, cell shape, and cell migration. MARCKSL1 are thought to regulate the actin cytoskeleton and thereby participate in major cellular responses such as phagocytosis, secretion, motility, mitogenesis, and membrane trafficking.

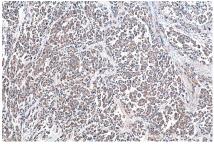
Synonyms

F52, Mac MARCKS, MACMARCKS, MARCKS like 1, MARCKS like protein 1, MARCKS related protein, MARCKSL1, MLP, MLP1, MRP

Selected Validation Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human stomach cancer tissue slide using KHC0948 (MARCKSL1 IHC Kit).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human colon cancer tissue slide using KHC0948 (MARCKSL1 IHC Kit).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human lung cancer tissue slide using KHC0948 (MARCKSL1 IHC Kit).