For Research Use Only

Recombinant Human APOH protein (rFc Tag)



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Catalog Number: Eg3084

Basic Information

Species: Human

Purity: >90 %, SDS-PAGE

Tag: rFc Tag

Technical Specifications

Purity: >90 %, SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin Level:

<1.0 EU/ µ g protein, LAL method

HEK293-derived Human APOH protein Gly20-Cys345 (Accession# P02749) with a rabbit IgG Fc tag at the Cterminus.

GeneID:

350

Accession:

P02749

Predicted Molecular Mass:

61.9 kDa

SDS-PAGE:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% trehalose and 5% mannitol are added as protectants before lyophilization.

Biological Activity

Not tested

Storage and Shipping

It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Until expiry date, -20°C to -80°C as lyophilized proteins.

3 months, -20℃ to -80℃ under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the recommended temperature.

Reconstitution

Briefly centrifuge the tube before opening. Reconstitute at 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile water.

Background

Apolipoprotein H (ApoH), also known as beta2-glycoprotein I (B2-GPI), is a plasma glycoprotein, primarily synthesized in the liver. It has an important function in blood coagulation and clearance of apoptotic bodies from the circulation. APOH is found on several classes of lipoproteins, and is involved in the activation of lipoprotein lipase in lipid metabolism. ApoH is also an important actor of host innate immune response through its capacity to bind with high affinity to a large panel of pathogens or their proteins.

References

- 1. Ruiu, G et al. Clinical genetics vol. 52,3 (1997): 167-72. 2. Castro, Antoni et al. Atherosclerosis vol. 209,1 (2010): 201-5.
- 3. Leduc, Magalie S et al. Journal of lipid research vol. 49,12 (2008): 2648-56.

Synonyms

Selected Validation Data