For Research Use Only Elafibranor



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Catalog Number: CM06120

产品信息

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CAS号:

923978-27-2

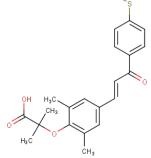
分子式: C₂₂H₂₄O₄S

主要靶点: PPAR

主要通路: DNA损伤和修复|代谢

分子量: 384.49 溶解度:

DMSO:33 mg/mL



靶点活性

PPAR- δ:175 nM (EC50)|PPAR- α:45 nM (EC50)

GFT505 is being developed as a dual PPAR- α /PPAR- δ agonist for the treatment of T2DM and non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. GFT505 has an active metabolite, GFT1007, and both have potent agonist activity for PPAR- α and to a lesser extent for PPAR- δ

体内活性

GFT505 improves insulin sensitivity and early studies indicate it may be useful in non-alcoholic fatty liver disease which is GF1505 improves insulin sensitivity and early studies indicate it may be useful in non-alcoholic fatty liver disease which is being tested in a Phase IIb study. Elafibranor is well tolerated and does not cause weight gain or cardiac events, but does produce a mild, reversible increase in serum creatinine. Elafibranor improves insulin sensitivity, glucose homeostasis, and lipid metabolism and reduces inflammation. GFT505 treatment improves glucose control and plasma lipids in diabetic db/db mice. A significant dose-dependent reduction of hepatic expression of the key gluconeogenic enzymes glucose 6-phosphatase (G6Pase), PEPCK, and fructose 1,6-bisphosphatase 1 (FBP1) is observed with GFT505. GFT505 does not induce cardiac adverse effects of PPAR γ -activating agonists in monkeys

Elafibranor is an agonist of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor- α (PPAR- α) and peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor- δ (PPAR- δ) with EC50 values of 45 and 175 nM, respectively.

Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 2 years