For Research Use Only **I-Lapachone**



www.ptgcn.com

Catalog Number: CM00593

产品信息

Catalog Number: CM00593

CAS号: 4707-32-8 Ethanol:12.1 mg/mL (50 mM),DMSO:24.2 mg/mL (100 mM)

分子式: C₁₅H₁₄O₃

主要靶点:

Apoptosis|Autophagy|IDO|Topoisomerase

土安理時 凋亡|自噬|DNA损伤和修复|代谢

IDO 1:0.44 μ M

Beta-Lapachone inhibits DNA relaxation induced by DNA topoisomerase I in a dose-dependent manner. [1] Treatment of beta-lapachone (100 nM or greater) results in >95% inhibition of Topo I DNA unwinding activity compared to the DMSO control. beta-lapachone (1-5 µ M) causes a block in GO/G1 of the cell cycle and induces apoptosis by locking Topo I onto DNA and blocking replication fork movement in HL-60 and three human prostate cancer (DU-145, PC-3, and LNCaP) cells. [2] Beta-Lapachone facilitates the migration of mouse 3T3 fibroblasts and human endothelial EAhy926 cells through different MAPK recombinant IDO1 activity through uncompetitive inhibition with IC50 of 1.0 μ M, and beta-Lapachone also exhibits superior retention of intracellular IDO1 inhibitory activity with an IC50 of 1.0 μ M, partially dependent on biotransformation by NQO1. [4] Beta-Lapachone induces programmed necrosis of NQO1+ cancer cells by NQO1-dependent reactive oxygen species (ROS) formation and PARP1 hyperactivation. [5]

Beta-lapachone treatment (50 mg/kg) leads to potent inhibition of in vivo tumor growth in a xenograft mouse model of human ovarian cancer, and the combination of beta-lapachone and taxol produces a synergistic induction of apoptosis. [6] In normal and diabetic (db/db) mice, treatment of beta-lapachone results in a faster healing process than vehicle only. [3]

细胞实验

IC50 calculations for each cell line are determined by DNA amount (IS) and anchorage-dependent colony formation (CF) assays. For the CF assay, cells are seeded at 500 viable cells/well in 6-well plates and incubated overnight, then treated with equal volumes of media containing beta-lapachone at final concentrations ranging from 0.005 to 50 μ M in half-log increments (controls were treated with 0.25% DMSO, equivalent to the highest dose of beta-lapachonc used) for 4 hour or for continuous 12-hour exposures. Plates (3 wells/condition) are stained with crystal violet, and colonies of >50 normal-appearing cells are enumerated. IC50 values for various cells are calculated using drug doses with numbers of colonies surrounding 50% of control. For DNA assays, plates are harvested for IC50 determinations 8 days after treatment using a CytoFluor 2350 fluorescence measurement system. Six-well samplings are included in the calculation of DNA fluor units for each dose. A graph of beta-lapachone dose versus percentage control DNA in fluor units is used to calculate each IC50. All experiments are repeated at least twice, each in duplicate. (Only for Reference)

β-Lapachone (ARQ-501) is a specific DNA topoisomerase I inhibitor, and no inhibitory activities against DNA topoisomerase II

Powder: -20°C for 3 years | In solvent: -80°C for 2 years