## For Research Use Only

## CoraLite® Plus 750 Anti-Human CD314/NKG2D (1D11)

Catalog Number: CL750-65188

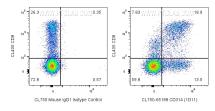


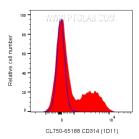
Basic Information	Catalog Number: CL750-65188	GenBank Accession Number: BC039836	Purification Method: Affinity purification
	Size: 100tests, 5 µ l/test	GenelD (NCBI): 22914	CloneNo.: 1D11
	Source: Mouse Isotype: IgG1, kappa	UNIPROT ID: P26718 Full Name: killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K, member 1	Excitation/Emission maxima wavelengths: 755 nm / 780 nm
		Applications	
Species Specificity: Human			
Background Information	CD314, also known as NKG2D or Killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K member 1 (KLRK1), is a type II lectin-like transmembrane stimulatory receptor (PMID: 8436421). In humans, it is expressed on NK cells, gamma delta T cells, and CD8+ alpha beta T cells (PMID: 10426993). Various families of cell surface ligands have been identified, including the MICA/MICB and ULBP proteins (PMID: 12150888). CD314 is involved in both innate and adaptive immunities, and the NKG2D/NKG2DL pathway involves multiple effector cell types for controlling tumor progression (PMID: 31720075).		
Storage	Storage: Store at 2-8°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment. Storage Buffer: PBS with 0.09% sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.		

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:T: 4006900926E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.comW: ptgcn.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

## Selected Validation Data





1x10^6 human PBMCs were surface stained with CL405 Anti-Human CD8 and 5 ul CoraLite® Plus 750 Anti-Human CD314/NKG2D (CL750-65188, Clone:1D11) or CoraLite® Plus 750 Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.

1x10^6 human PBMCs were surface stained with 5 ul CoraLite® Plus 750 Anti-Human CD314/NKG2D (CL750-65188, Clone:1D11) or CoraLite® Plus 750 Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.