

CoraLite® Plus 488-conjugated HDAC2 Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number: **CL488-67165**

Basic Information

Catalog Number:

CL488-67165

Size:

1000 µg/ml

Source:

Mouse

Isotype:

IgG2b

Immunogen Catalog Number:

AG21288

GenBank Accession Number:

BC031055

GeneID (NCBI):

3066

UNIPROT ID:

Q92769

Full Name:

histone deacetylase 2

Calculated MW:

458 aa, 52 kDa; 488 aa, 55 kDa

Observed MW:

55 kDa

Purification Method:

Protein A purification

CloneNo.:

1A3E4

Recommended Dilutions:

IF/ICC 1:50-1:500

Excitation/Emission maxima wavelengths:

493 nm / 522 nm

Applications

Tested Applications:

IF/ICC

Species Specificity:

Human, mouse

Positive Controls:

IF/ICC : HepG2 cells,

Background Information

Histone deacetylases (HDAC) are a class of enzymes that remove the acetyl groups from the lysine residues leading to the formation of a condensed and transcriptionally silenced chromatin. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes, and are responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues at the N-terminal regions of core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). At least 4 classes of HDAC were identified. As a class I HDAC, HDAC2 was primarily found in the nucleus. HDAC2 forms transcriptional repressor complexes by associating with many different proteins, including YY1, a mammalian zinc-finger transcription factor. Thus, it plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. This antibody is raised against residues near the C terminus of human HDAC2.

Storage

Storage:

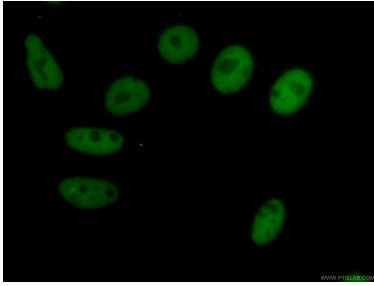
Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to light.

Storage Buffer:

PBS with 50% Glycerol, 0.05% Proclin300, 0.5% BSA, pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed HepG2 cells using CL488-67165 (HDAC2 antibody) at dilution of 1:100.