For Research Use Only

MOG Recombinant antibody

Catalog Number:83063-6-RR



Basic Information

Catalog Number:

Purification Method:

83063-6-RR

GeneID (NCBI):

Protein A purification

Concentration:

CloneNo.:

1000 μg/ml

4340

250235E1

Source: Rabbit

UNIPROT ID: Q16653-1

Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:5000-1:50000

Isotype:

Full Name:

EG2878

myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein

GenBank Accession Number:

Immunogen Catalog Number:

Calculated MW: 24 kDa

Observed MW:

25-28 kDa

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB, ELISA

WB: mouse brain tissue, rat brain tissue, pig brain

Positive Controls:

Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat, pig

Background Information

Myelin/oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG), a 23~28 kDa glycoprotein, a myelin antigen at the outer surface of the central nervous system (CNS) myelin sheath, which may trigger T-cell as well as B-cell responses. It therefore constitutes a pivotal target for autoimmune responses, which result in inflammation and also demyelination in the CNS. Its presence on the outer-most lamellae of mature CNS myelin and its late appearance during myelinogenesis suggest that it contributes to myelin maturation or maintenance. 10 isoforms of MOG produced by alternative splicing have been described, and heterodimers may be formed between the different isoforms. Defects in MOG are the cause of narcolepsy type 7 (NRCLP7), a neurological disabling sleep disorder characterized by excessive daytime sleepiness, sleep fragmentation, symptoms of abnormal rapid-eve-movement (REM) sleep, cataplexy, $hypnagogic\ hall ucinations, and\ sleep\ paralysis.\ Role\ of\ MOG\ in\ the\ pathogenesis\ of\ multiple\ sclerosis\ (MS)\ has\ been$ reported but remains to be clarified.

Storage

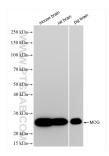
Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, pH7.3

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 83063-6-RR (MOG antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.