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## NeutraKine®M-CSF Monoclonal antibody

Antibodies | ELISA kits | Proteins www.ptglab.com

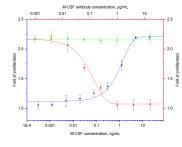
Catalog Number:69033-1-lg

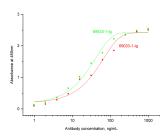
Basic Information	Catalog Number: 69033-1-lg	GenBank Accession Number: GeneID (NCBI):	Purification Method: Protein G purification
	Size:	1435 Full Name: colony stimulating factor 1 (macrophage)	CloneNo.: 4C6C5 Affinity: $K_{D} = 8.48 \times 10^{-9}$ $K_{Off} = 4.75 \times 10^{-4}$ $K_{On} = 5.60 \times 10^{4}$
	Source: Mouse		
	lsotype: lgG1 Immunogen Catalog Number: HZ-1192		
Applications	Tested Applications: Neutralization, ELISA Species Specificity: Human		
	M-CSF plays an essential role in the regulation of survival, proliferation, and differentiation of hematopoietic precursor cells, especially mononuclear phagocytes. M-CSF promotes the release of proinflammatory chemokines and thereby plays an important role in innate immunity and in inflammatory processes. It also plays an important role in innate immunity and in the regulation of bone resorption, and is required for normal bone development. On the cellular level, M-CSF promotes reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, regulates the formation of membrane ruffles, cell adhesion, and cell migration, and plays a role in lipoprotein clearance.		
Background Information	and thereby plays an important ro role in the regulation of osteoclas required for normal bone develop cytoskeleton, regulates the forma	uclear phagocytes. M-CSF promotes th ole in innate immunity and in inflamm t proliferation and differentiation, the ment. On the cellular level, M-CSF pro	e release of proinflammatory chemokines hatory processes. It also plays an important regulation of bone resorption, and is protes reorganization of the actin
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For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:T: 4006900926E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.comW: ptgcn.com

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## Selected Validation Data





Recombinant human M-CSF(Cat.NO. HZ-1192) simulates the proliferation of OCI-AML5 cells in a dose-dependent manner (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y). The activity of human M-CSF (5 ng/mL) is neutralized by mouse antihuman M-CSF monoclonal antibody 69033-1-Ig at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y). The ND50 is typically 0.1-0.4 µ g/mL The control mouse anti-human M-CSF monoclonal antibody 69533-1-Ig could recognize human M-CSF, but could not neutralize human M-CSF

Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating recombinant Human M-CSF (Cat.NO. HZ-1192) at 70 ng/well followed by blocking and adding serial diluted M-CSF antibody 69033-1-1g and 69533-1-1g respectively. Signal was developed with TMB and stopped by H2SO4. Signal strength was measured by absorbance at 450 nm.