| Basic Information |
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| Applications |
| Background Information |

Tested Applications: WB, ELISA
Species Specificity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Background Information

Positive Controls
WB : HeLa cells, HEK-293 cells, Jurkat cells, K-562 cells, HSC-T6 cells, PC-12 cells, NIH/3T3 cells, 4T1 cells

Mre11 (meiotic recombination 11), also named as Mre11A, is a component of the MRN( MRE11/RAD50/NBS1) complex which is a versatile complex, playing a key role in the sensing, processing, and repair of DSBs. MRE11 possesses both endonuclease and 3'-5' exonuclease activity. It contains two DNA-binding domains (DBDs), enabling it to bind both single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) and double-stranded DNA (dsDNA). After DSBs, MRE11 is loaded onto DSBs sites and cleaves DNA by cooperating with CtIP (CtBP [C terminal binding protein] interacting protein) to initiate end resection. It's reported that MRE11 is over-expressed in breast cancers. (PMID:38128537; 22914783)

Storage:
Store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Stable for one year after shipment.
Storage Buffer:
PBS with $0.02 \%$ sodium azide and $50 \%$ glycerol pH 7.3.
Aliquoting is unnecessary for $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ storage

Selected Validation Data


Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE
followed by western blot with 67570-1-Ig (MRE11A antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.

