

ATF5 Monoclonal antibody

 Catalog Number: **67066-1-Ig** **3 Publications**

Basic Information

Catalog Number: 67066-1-Ig	GenBank Accession Number: BC005174	Purification Method: Protein A purification
Size: 2300 μ g/ml	GeneID (NCBI): 22809	CloneNo.: 1E5B6
Source: Mouse	UNIPROT ID: Q9Y2D1	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:2000-1:16000
Isotype: IgG2b	Full Name: activating transcription factor 5	
Immunogen Catalog Number: AG7214	Calculated MW: 31 kDa	
	Observed MW: 30-35 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, ELISA	Positive Controls:
Cited Applications: WB	WB : Jurkat cells, HeLa cells, HEK-293 cells, SH-SY5Y cells, A431 cells, HT-29 cells, MCF-7 cells, MDA-MB-231 cells, SK-BR-3 cells, T-47D cells
Species Specificity: Human	
Cited Species: human, chicken, mouse	

Background Information

ATF5, also named as Activating transcription factor 5, is a 282 amino acid protein, which belongs to the bZIP family. ATF5 is Widely expressed with higher expression levels in liver. ATF5 is actively transported to the centrosome and accumulated in the pericentriolar material (PCM) during G1 to M phase via a microtubule-dependent mechanism. During late telophase and cytokinesis, it translocates from the centrosome to the midbody (PMID: 26213385). ATF5 as a transcription factor that either stimulates or represses gene transcription through binding of different DNA regulatory elements such as cAMP response element (CRE) (consensus: 5'-GTGACGT[AC][AG]-3'), ATF5-specific response element (ARE) (consensus: 5'-C[CT]TCT[CT]CCTT[AT]-3') but also the amino acid response element (AARE), present in many viral and cellular promoters. Critically ATF5 is involved, often in a cell type-dependent manner, in cell survival, proliferation, and differentiation (PubMed:10373550, PubMed:15358120, PubMed:21212266, PubMed:20654631).

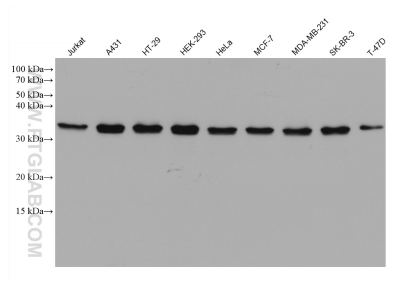
Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Kosei Yamashita	36217717	FEBS Open Bio	WB
Meiyu Cheng	35163244	Int J Mol Sci	WB
Ying Yang	37748667	Toxicol Lett	WB

Storage

Storage:
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.
Storage Buffer:
PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.
 Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 67066-1-Ig (ATF5 antibody) at dilution of 1:8000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.