## For Research Use Only

## ABL1 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 29725-1-AP



**Basic Information** 

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Size:

BC117451 GeneID (NCBI):

450 ug/ml

**UNIPROT ID:** Source: Rabbit P00519 Full Name: Isotype:

c-abl oncogene 1, receptor tyrosine

kinase

1149 aa, 125 kDa Observed MW: 140 kDa

Calculated MW:

GenBank Accession Number:

**Applications** 

**Tested Applications:** 

WB, ELISA

Species Specificity:

human

**Purification Method:** Antigen affinity purification Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:500-1:3000

Positive Controls:

WB: HeLa cells, LNCaP cells

## **Background Information**

ABL1, also named as ABL, JTK7, c-ABL and p150, belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, Tyr protein kinase family and ABL subfamily. ABL1 regulates cytoskeleton remodeling during cell differentiation, cell division and cell adhesion. ABL1 localizes to dynamic actin structures, and phosphorylates CRK and CRKL, DOK1, and other proteins controlling cytoskeleton dynamics. It regulates DNA repair potentially by activating the proapoptotic pathway when the DNA damage is too severe to be repaired. ABL1 catalyze the reaction: ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate. A chromosomal aberration involving ABL1 is a cause of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) [MIM:608232]. Translocation t(9;22)(q34;q11) with BCR. The translocation produces a BCR-ABL found also in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).

Storage

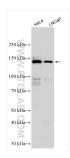
Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

## Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 29725-1-AP (ABL1 antibody) at dilution of 1:1500 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.