For Research Use Only

Phospho-MEK1 (Thr286) Polyclonal antibody



Purification Method:

WB 1:1000-1:6000

Antigen affinity purification

Recommended Dilutions:

Catalog Number: 28933-1-AP

Basic Information

Catalog Number:

28933-1-AP

Size:

350 μg/ml Source:

Rabbit

Isotype:

5604

ENSG00000169032

UNIPROT ID:

kinase 1

Calculated MW:

40-45 kDa

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB, ELISA

Species Specificity:

GenBank Accession Number:

BC139729

GeneID (NCBI):

ENSEMBL Gene ID:

Q02750

Full Name:

mitogen-activated protein kinase

43 kDa

Observed MW:

Positive Controls:

WB: nocodazole treated HeLa cells,

Background Information

MAP2K1 encodes MAPK1, also known as MEK1. MEK1 variants can enhance MEK1 expression and ERK1 phosphorylation that together lead to continuous activation of MEK/ERK signaling pathway. MEK1 bind directly to ERK2 through a region in the N terminus of MEK. In addition, a proline-rich (PR) regulatory sequence in MEK is also involved in MEK-ERK association and signal propagation. The coupling between MEK1 and ERK2 is enhanced through phosphorylation on S298 in the MEK1 PR region, whereas phosphorylation on MEK1 T292 releases the complex. MEK1 enzymatic activity is regulated by site-specific phosphorylation that can be activated with phosphorylation of $Ser 217/Ser 221\ by\ Rafkin as e\ or\ suppressed\ by\ phosphory lation\ of\ Thr 286\ and\ Thr 292\ by\ CDK1\ and\ CDK5\ or\ Thr\ 292\ by$ and Thr386 by ERK1/2. (PMID: 31972311, PMID: 17928366, PMID: 22177953)

Storage

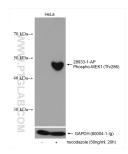
Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Non-treated HeLa cells and nocodazole treated HeLa cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 28933-1-AP (Phospho-MEK1 (Thr286) antibody) at dilution of 1:3000 incubated at room temperature for 1 hours. The membrane was stripped and re-blotted with GAPDH antibody as loading control.