

Alpha-1-microglobulin Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 26716-1-AP

Basic Information

Catalog Number: 26716-1-AP	GenBank Accession Number: BC041593	Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification
Size: 1000 ug/ml	GeneID (NCBI): 259	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:5000-1:50000 IHC 1:50-1:500
Source: Rabbit	UNIPROT ID: P02760	
Isotype: IgG	Full Name: alpha-1-microglobulin/bikunin precursor	
Immunogen Catalog Number: AG25239	Calculated MW: 352 aa, 39 kDa	
	Observed MW: 30 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB, IHC, ELISA

Species Specificity:

human

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0

Positive Controls:

WB : human plasma, human urine

IHC : human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma tissue, human stomach cancer tissue

Background Information

Alpha-1-microglobulin (A1M) is also named as Protein AMBP, Bikunin, Trypstatin and Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor light chain (ITI-LC). A1M belongs to the lipocalin protein family, a group of structural proteins with a similar one-domain fold that are found in bacteria, plants and animals (PMID: 2580349). A1M is recognized as a physiological antioxidant with powerful cell- and tissue-protective properties (PMID: 11877257). Whereas A1M is a heme and radical scavenger, and a reductase, bikunin is a structural component of extracellular matrix and has protease inhibitor and anti-inflammatory properties (PMID: 27988357). In humans, the majority of A1M is synthesized in the liver, but smaller quantities are also expressed in most other cells in the body. In the blood, equal quantities of two forms of A1M can be found: a free monomeric form and a covalent high-molecular weight complex bound to immunoglobulin A, albumin and prothrombin (PMID: 6196366, PMID: 9183005). Endogenous A1M has also been described to be localized ubiquitously in the dermal and epidermal layers of skin, and in syncytiotrophoblasts, monocytes/macrophages, vascular endothelium and extracellular matrix of placental tissue and extracellular matrix (PMID: 22096585, PMID: 21356557). Alpha 1 microglobulin, also known as HI30, is a 27-30 kDa glycoprotein, present in various body fluids. It belongs to the lipocalin superfamily of hydrophobic ligand-binding proteins forming an internal ligand-binding pocket. The protein acts as a mediator of bacterial adhesion to polymer surfaces and is involved in inhibiting renal lithogenesis.

Storage

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

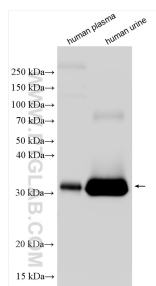
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:

T: 4006900926

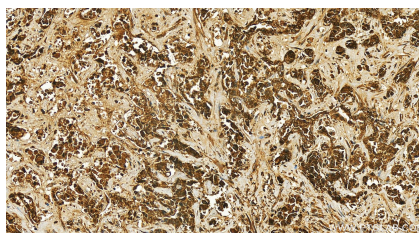
E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.comW: ptgcn.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

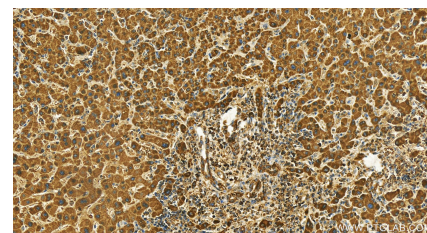
Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 26716-1-AP (Alpha 1 microglobulin antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma tissue slide using 26716-1-AP (Alpha 1 microglobulin antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 20x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma tissue slide using 26716-1-AP (Alpha 1 microglobulin antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 20x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).