For Research Use Only

NKTR Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 19978-1-AP



Basic Information

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number: 19978-1-AP NM_005385 GeneID (NCBI): Size: 300 μg/ml 4820 **UNIPROT ID:** Source: Rabbit P30414 Full Name: Isotype:

natural killer-tumor recognition

Calculated MW: 166 kDa Observed MW: 166 kDa

sequence

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, IHC, IF/ICC, ELISA Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0

Positive Controls:

WB: HeLa cells, Jurkat cells, K-562 cells

IHC: human liver cancer tissue, human spleen tissue

Purification Method:

WB 1:500-1:3000 IHC 1:50-1:500

IF/ICC 1:200-1:800

Antigen affinity purification

Recommended Dilutions:

IF/ICC: HeLa cells,

Background Information

NKTR is a component of a putative tumor-recognition complex. It is involved in the function of NK cells.

Storage

Storage:

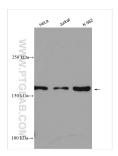
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

Storage Buffer:

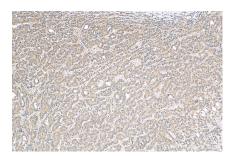
PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

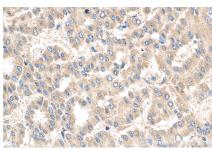
Selected Validation Data



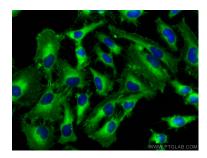
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 19978-1-AP (NKTR antibody) at dilution of 1:1500 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 19978-1-AP (NKTR antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 19978-1-AP (NKTR antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Methanol) fixed HeLa cells using NKTR antibody (19978-1-AP) at dilution of 1:400 and CoraLite®488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).