For Research Use Only

# HEXIM2 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 16598-1-AP



### **Basic Information**

Catalog Number: 16598-1-AP Size: 900 µ g/ml Source: Rabbit Isotype: IgG Immunogen Catalog Number: AG9754 GenBank Accession Number: BC025970 GeneID (NCBI): 124790 UNIPROT ID: Q96MH2 Full Name: hexamthylene bis-acetamide inducible 2 Calculated MW: 286 aa, 32 kDa Observed MW: 38 kDa

### Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification

Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:500-1:1000 IHC 1:20-1:200 IF 1:20-1:200

# Applications

Tested Applications: IF/ICC, IHC, WB, ELISA

Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (\*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0

#### Positive Controls:

WB: C6 cells, COLO 320 cells, HEK-293 cells

IHC : human testis tissue,

IF : A549 cells,

# **Background Information**

Storage

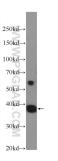
Storage: Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment. Storage Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3. Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:T: 4006900926E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.comW: ptgcn.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

## Selected Validation Data

1.5 hours.

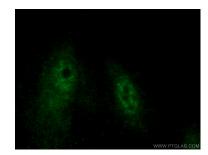


C6 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 16598-1-AP (HEXIM2 Antibody) at dilution of 1:600 incubated at room temperature for

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human testis tissue slide using 16598-1-AP (HEXIM2 Antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 10x lens).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human testis tissue slide using 16598-1-AP (HEXIM2 Antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 40x lens).



Immunofluorescent analysis of A549 cells using 16598-1-AP (HEXIM2 antibody) at dilution of 1:50 and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).