

## MKS1 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 16206-1-AP

28 Publications

## Basic Information

## Catalog Number:

16206-1-AP

## Size:

650 µg/ml

## Source:

Rabbit

## Isotype:

IgG

## Immunogen Catalog Number:

AG9177

## GenBank Accession Number:

BC010061

## GeneID (NCBI):

54903

## UNIPROT ID:

Q9NXB0

## Full Name:

Meckel syndrome, type 1

## Calculated MW:

559 aa, 65 kDa

## Observed MW:

65-70 kDa

## Purification Method:

Antigen affinity purification

## Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:500-1:2000

IP 0.5-4.0 µg for 1.0-3.0 mg of total protein lysate

IHC 1:50-1:500

IF 1:20-1:200

## Applications

## Tested Applications:

WB, IP, IF, IHC, ELISA

## Cited Applications:

WB, IF

## Species Specificity:

human, mouse, rat

## Cited Species:

human, mouse

**Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (\*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0**

## Positive Controls:

**WB** : mouse brain tissue, HEK-293 cells, HeLa cells, mouse uterus tissue, SH-SY5Y cells

**IP** : HEK-293 cells,

**IHC** : human liver cancer tissue,

**IF** : hTERT-RPE1 cells and Mouse embryonic fibroblasts,

## Background Information

MKS1 (Meckel syndrome type 1 protein) is a 559-amino acid protein that contains a conserved B9 domain. It is a component of a large protein complex which localizes to the ciliary transition zone and regulates mammalian ciliogenesis and ciliary membrane composition (PMID: 21725307). MKS1 is required for ciliary structure and function, and is involved in centrosome migration to the apical cell surface during early ciliogenesis (PMID: 17185389; 19515853). Broad tissue expression of the MKS1 gene has been reported (PMID: 16415886). Defects in MKS1 are the cause of Meckel syndrome type 1 (MKS1), an autosomal recessive lethal malformation syndrome characterized by renal cystic dysplasia, central nervous system malformations, and hepatic developmental defects (PMID: 16415886). In addition, defects in MKS1 are also the cause of Bardet-Biedl syndrome type 13 (BBS13) (PMID: 18327255).

## Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
T Tony Yang	26365165	Sci Rep	IF
Yunfan Yang	25342559	Cell Res	WB
Gisela G Slaats	26490104	J Med Genet	WB, IF

## Storage

## Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

## Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

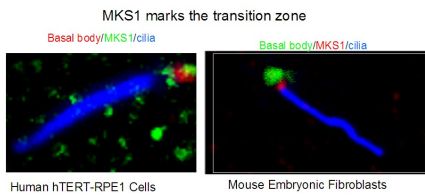
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:

T: 4006900926

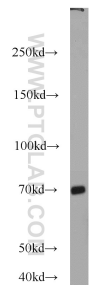
E: [Proteintech-CN@ptglab.com](mailto:Proteintech-CN@ptglab.com)W: [ptgcn.com](http://ptgcn.com)

**This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.**

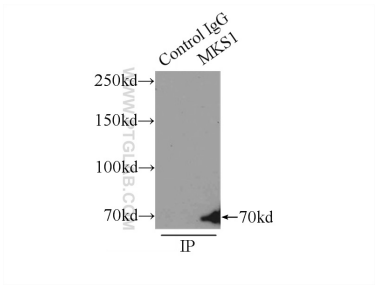
Selected Validation Data



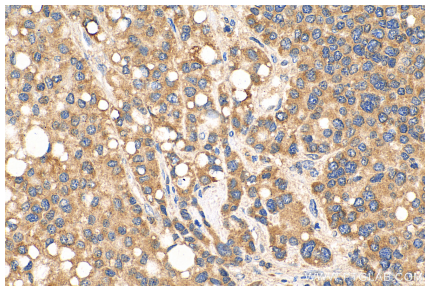
IF result from Dr. Corbit, Kevin. anti-MKS1 (16206-1-AP) marks the transition zone of Human hTERT-RPE1 cells and Mouse embryonic fibroblasts.



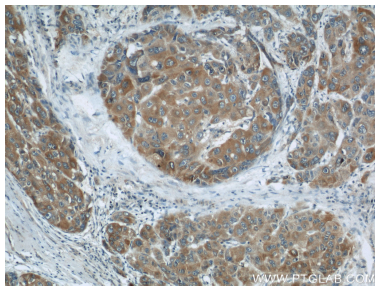
mouse brain tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 16206-1-AP (MKS1 antibody) at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



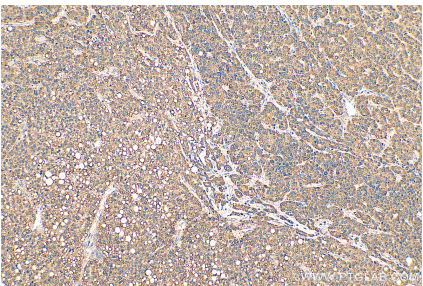
IP result of anti-MKS1 (IP:16206-1-AP, 3ug; Detection:16206-1-AP 1:1000) with HEK-293 cells lysate 4500ug.



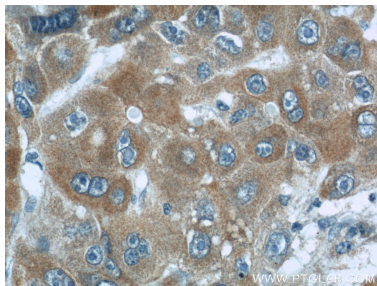
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 16206-1-AP (MKS1 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer using 16206-1-AP (MKS1 antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 10x lens).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 16206-1-AP (MKS1 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer using 16206-1-AP (MKS1 antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 40x lens).