## For Research Use Only

## Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number:66200-1-lg

100 Publications



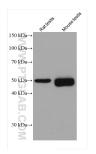
Basic Information	Catalog Number:GenBank Accession Num66200-1-lgNM_006009		ession Number:	: Purification Method: Protein G purification		
	Concentration: 1400 ug/ml	Genel D (NCE 7846	GeneID (NCBI): 7846		CloneNo.: 7E5H8	
	Source: Mouse	UNIPROT ID: Q71U36		Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:2000-1:10000 IHC 1:1000-1:4000 IF/ICC 1:200-1:800		
	Isotype: IgG1	Full Name: tubulin, alph	a 1a			
		Calculated M 52 kDa	1W:			
		Observed MW: 50-55 kDa				
Applications	WB IHC IE/ICC IE-P EUSA			Positive Controls:		
	Cited Applications: WB, IHC, IF	cells, pig ce	WB : rat testis tissue, NCCIT cells, Neuro-2a cells, L02 cells, pig cerebellum tissue, rat brain tissue, mouse ovary tissue, HEK-293 cells, mouse testis			
	Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat, pig, canine	brain tissue	IHC : mouse ovary tissue, human gliomas tissue, rat brain tissue, mouse brain tissue, human lung cancer			
	Cited Species: human, mouse, rat, pig, rabbit,		tissue IF-P : islet. mouse brain tissue			
	bovine, drosophila		IF/ICC : MDCK cells, hTERT-RPE1 cells			
	Note-IHC: suggested anti TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alte retrieval may be perform buffer pH 6.0		ELISA : Recombinant protein,			
Background Information	Tubulin, composed of heterodimers of alpha and beta tubulin, is the mainly component of microtubules which play important roles in cell motility, mitosis, and intracellular vesicle transport. Both alpha and beta tubulin undergo several posttranslational modifications such as polyglutamylation and acetylation/deacetylation. Tubulin acetylation occurs on lysine-40 at the N-terminal of alpha tubulin and is conserved across species. The histone deacetylase HDAC6 and SIRT2 has been identified as tubulin deacetylases. Reversible acetylation of alpha tubulin may be implicated in regulating microtubule stability, cell motility, and axon regeneration. The level of acetylated tubulin has been linked to epithelial malignancies and sensitivity to chemotherapy. In addition, acetylated tubulin has been widely used as a marker for primary cilia. This antibody is specific to the acetylated tubulin; it does not recognize non-acetylated tubulin. (24268707, 23881549)					
Notable Publications						
	Author	Pubmed ID	Journal		Application	
Notable Fublications	Yan Yan	28966044	Dev Cell		WB	
Notable Fublications	Jung Lloon Cho	36149960	Sci Adv		IHC	
Notable Fublications	Jung Hoon Cho					

 For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:

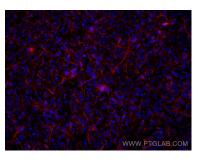
 T: 4006900926
 E: Proteintech-CN@ptglab.com
 W: ptgcn.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

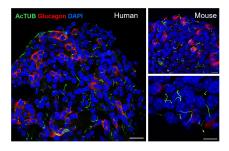
## Selected Validation Data



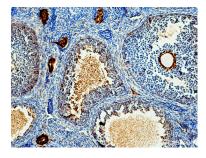
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66200-1-1g (Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:5000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



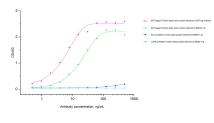
Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed hTERT-RPE1 cells using Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody (66200-1-Ig, Clone: 7E5H8) at dilution of 1:1000 and Multi-rAb CoraLite® Plus 594-Goat Anti-Mouse Recombinant Secondary Antibody (H+L) (Cat.NO. RGAM004).



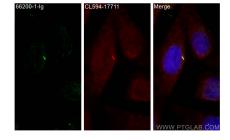
(left) Confocal image of a single-plane crosssection of a healthy human islet, showing primary cilia on both alpha cells (glucagon, red) and nonalpha cells (non-red). Acetylated alpha tubulin, cilia (green, Cat. No 66200-1-lg, 1:400), nuclei (blue), scale 20  $\mu$  m. (right) Primary cilia in wildtype B6 mouse islets: acetylated alpha tubulin (green, Cat. No 66200-1-lg, 1:400), glucagon (red), nuclei (blue), single-plane images, scales 10  $\mu$  m. (Fig from Dr. Jing Hughes)



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded mouse ovary tissue slide using 66200-1-Ig (Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 (under 10x Lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Specificity validation by indirect ELISA. Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating E.coli expressed GST-tagged Tubulin alpha (70 ng/well), non-acetylated Tubulin alpha, and Lys40 acetylated Tubulin alpha (with excessive amount) followed by blocking and adding serial diluted GST tag primary antibody (Cat.NO. 66001-2-Ig) and Acetylated Tubulin antibody 66200-1-Ig respectively. HRP-Goat anti-mouse secondary antibody was used for detection. Signal was developed with



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed MDCK cells using Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody (66200-1-lg, Clone: 7E5H8) at dilution of 1:400 and CoraLite®488-Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) (SA00013-1), CoraLite®594 ARL13B antibody (CL594-17711, red).